

ANNEALING CARTRIDGES CASES "VULCANO"

TRANSLATION OF THE ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

You can download fully operating instruction and WARNINGS in: www.shooting-tech.com, or ask it to seller

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EQUIPMENT

"Vulcano" is made to induction annealing for brass cartridge cases. The machine "Vulcano" is supplied with the following components listed below:

- N.1 MACHINE
- N.1 SHELL HOLDER
- N.1 COIL PROTECTION BUSH
- N.1 SPACER KIT
- N.1 Wire Cable (the Emi filter is inside the machine)
- N.1 USER MANUAL





ASSEMBLY

Remove packaging protection; keep original packaging in order to reuse in case of shipment to the seller. Connect the main power cable to the power supply. The EMI filter is inside the Machine from September 2020.







In case of shipment of the goods, to avoid extra costs (that will be charged)due to damage caused by transport, you must store and use the original packaging as received.



OPERATING

VULCANO - USER MANUAL date 08/06/22

It is forbidden to anneal complete cartridges or primer in the shell: DANGER! Do not use shell holders metal made DANGER OF BURNS AND DAMAGE!

For more informations: https://shooting-tech.com/

Put Main switch in ON position (light on) – OFF when you stop with the annealing operation

The Knob "time" is to set time of annealing induction (in position nr. 8 maximum annealing time is 4 seconds). The Knob "magnetic filed" is to set the density of the magnetic lines force of the field.

Pushing power button "START", the machine starts—with the induction as the settings of the knobs decided; the "working " green led light is on when the machine is working and turns offby itself—when it is done..

"Alarm" red light is on only for higher temperature of functioning (the machine will stop by itself to protect inner parts) and will be ready when the inner temperature of the machine will be correct.



Time and magnetic field setting for optimal annealing performance depends from many factors of the shell: manufacturer, size ,dimensions, brass alloy .

User has to try and find by itself after some tests the optimal annealing result for all types of shell cases



FOR SAFETY DO NOT KEEP THE HAND IN THE SHELL HOLDER DURING THE ANNEAL OPERATION!

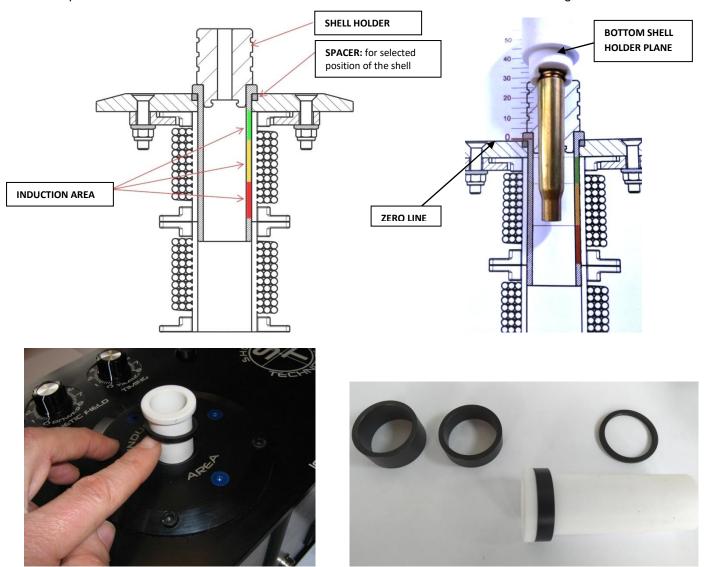


SHELL POSITION

User has to set the correct working position of the shell , where there are the lines of the magnetic field that anneal the brass.



Spacers are to use in order to find correct shell position into warm protection coil Below the position of the shell in work area: the scheme is to show how the induction annealing works



The **INDUCTION AREA** are three:

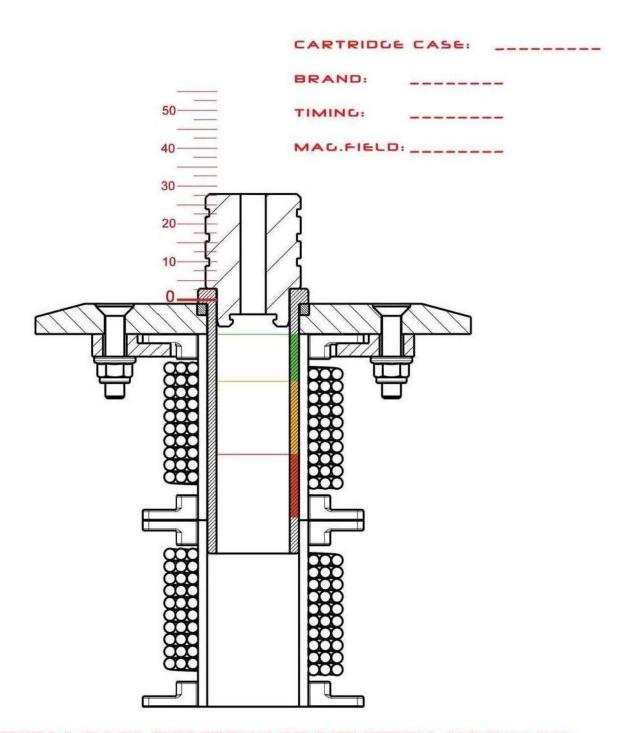
- GREEN -----> Low induction power
- YELLOW -----> Medium induction power THIS IS THE RIGHT AREA TO DO THE NECK CARTRIDGE CASE ANNEALING
- RED ------> Strong induction power



Please print the scheme in the next page. It shows you how to use spacer. TO USE THE RIGHT SPACERS, READ THE DIMENSION BETWEEN THE ZERO LINE AND THE BOTTOM SHELL HODER PLANE (see the picture.....for example in this case the dimension is 35 mm. You can use more spacer together)

To use this page, please print it in scale 1:1, without use the 'Adjust to Fit' print option





CARTRIDGE CASE POSITION FOR INDUCTION ANNEALING

ANNEALING PROCESS

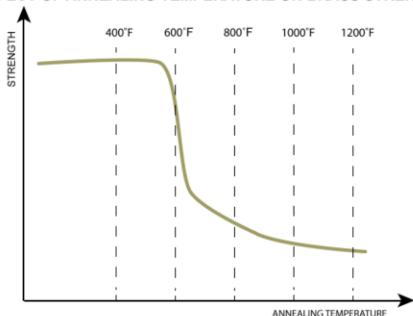
The brass annealing increases the metal's ductility — a technical term for "stretchability" or "softness".

If heat is applied to a work hardened area of brass, the energy of that heat will cause the grain size of the metal to grow. As this happens, the material loses strength (it gets softer) and regains it's tolerance for stretching without breaking. It's a fully reversible process

When brass is bent, hammered, or shaped (plastic deformations), it becomes harder and more brittle. This is what it happens to a cartridge case when the neck is formed. The annealing process restores the ductility of the case by reducing internal stresses in the brass, making it easier to stretch under pressure rather than crack.

The annealing process depends on the material, the temperature applied, and the time that temperature has to act on the metal. For cartridge brass, the transformation is rapid, robust, and occurs at approximately 650-700 degrees Fahrenheit. If you apply a higher temperature, the brass will get even softer, but not dramatically so.





The above chart uses data for a <u>1 hour</u> annealing time. Temperatures required to anneal more quickly will be slightly higher (716-752° F).

To find the temperature of the shell after annealing operation , use the TEMPILAQ Indicating Coating. For example add the Tempilaq in the shell as show below:

- 1) To have 380-400° C (716 -752° F) in the neck
- 2) To check the temperature in all the length
- 3) To check the temperature below the neck

How do you tell how hot the brass is? You can use a temperature indicator like Tempilaq. Tempilaq is a special sort of "paint" that is designed to melt at a very specific temperature. Get some and use it. Use some 450° F Tempilaq on the case body to make sure it does not overheat, and use some 700° F Tempilaq on the neck to make sure it reaches the required temperature.





Operating: Tempilaq 399 °C -754 F°



Tempilaq 253 °C-488 F°



Tempilaq 218 °C -425 F°



Tempilaq 399 °C -754 F°



Tempilaq 253 °C-488 F°



Tempilaq 218 °C -425 F°



GENERAL WARNINGS:

BEFORE USE READ INSTRUCTIONS AND KEEP THEM WITH CARE;











KEEP AWAY CHILDREN AND PACE MAKER BEARERS;

WARNING: IT IS FORBIDDEN TO ANNEAL CASES WITH PRIMER OR CARTRIDGE OR OTHER EXPLOSIVE COMPONENT! DANGEROUS FOR SAFETY IDO NOT USE THE MACHINE IN PUBLIC AREAS AND IN DOMESTIC ENVIRONMENTS

DO NOT USE THE MACHINE FOR ANY DIFFERENT USE;-DANGER! DURING OPERATION DO NOT INSERT IN INDUCTION AREA HOLE METAL OBJECTS AND FINGERS WITH METAL RINGS.

TO USE THE MACHINE, WEAR SAFETY PROTECTIONS EXPECIALLY FOR EYES, HANDS AND HEAD.

MACHINE EQUIPPED WITH ELECTRIC COMPONENTS , DO NOT REMOVE PROTECTIONS AND COVERS! RISK OF DAMAGES DUE TO THE LARGE FORCE OF MAGNETIC FIELD AND THE POWER OF ELECTRICITY!

AVOID THAT LIQUIDS CAN GET INSIDE THE MACHINE.

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WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION IT IS NOT ALLOWED TO REPRODUCE THE MACHINE AND DO MODIFICATIONS .TO MAKE PARTS OF IT OR SPARE PARTS AND TO DO MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR

in accordance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42 / EC

FOR CE CERTIFICATION, IN ACCORDING TO:

- 1. Low tension directive:LDV 2014/35/EU 2. EN6095-1:2006+A11+A1+A12
- 3. IEC 60947-5-1:2003 +A1:2009(ED3.1)
- 4. IEC 60947-1:2007 +A1:2010(ED5.1)
- 5. EMC compatibility directive: 2014/30/EU

VULCANO SHELL HOLDERS

STANDARD				
200	_	200 MINICHESTED	CODE	00
.308	_	.308 WINCHESTER	CODE	00
		6,5 CREEDMOR		
		7,62X39 6,5X47		
		6,5X47 6,5X55		
		30.06		
		25-06		
		9,3X62		
		0,22-250 NORMA		
		6 mm PPC		
	ACCESS			
	ACCES	SORIES		
.223	\rightarrow	.223 REMINGTON	CODE	02
		.222 REMINGTON		
.338	_	.338 LAPUA MAG	CODE	03
		.300 LAPUA MAG		
.300 WIN MAG	\rightarrow	.300 WIN MAG	CODE	04
		.300 WSM/.270 WSM		
		.300 NORMA MAGNUM		
		7 REM MAG		
		222 5 4 4 2 7 4		0.5
.300 DAKOTA	_	.300 DAKOTA	CODE	05
		.375 RUGER		
		7MM_SAUM		
		7,62X54R		
.408 CT	\rightarrow	,408 CHEYENNE		0.6
		TACHTICAL	CODE	06
		,375 CHEYENNE		
		TACHTICAL		
8x56R	\rightarrow	8X56R	CODE	07
7,55x55 swiss	\rightarrow	7,55x55 swiss	CODE	08
.50 BMG	-	.50 BMG	CODE	09
.50 DIVIG		.50 51410	CODE	0.5
5,6x50 R	\rightarrow	5,6X50 R	CODE	10
3,00,30 10		3,0,00	2002	10